CITY OF SUMPTER, OREGON

Report on Audited
Basic
Financial Statements
and
Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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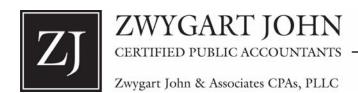
City of Sumpter, Oregon
Principal Officers
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

COMMON COUNCIL **GOVERNING BOARD**

<u>NAME</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	<u>Term Expiration</u>
Cary Clarke, Mayor Robert Armbruster, President Samantha Rowan, Councilor Linda Wise, Councilor	Sumpter, Oregon Sumpter, Oregon Sumpter, Oregon Sumpter, Oregon	December 31, 2018 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2020
Ellida VVISO, Codificilo	Sumpler, Sregon	DC00111DC1 01, 2020

OTHER APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Julia McKinney, City Recorder	Sumpter, Oregon	June 14, 2010 - Present
LeAnne Woolf, City Bookkeeper	Sumpter, Oregon	March 14, 2017 – Present
Jeff McKinney, Utility Manager	Sumpter, Oregon	May 01, 2013 - Present



Phone: 208-459-4649 • FAX: 208-229-0404

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Sumpter Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Sumpter, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion

It was noted that expenses were not being recorded in the proper funds. This causes the expenditures and cash in each fund to be misstated due to expenditures being paid out of the incorrect funds. Expenditures should be recorded in the fund that the expenditure was appropriated to be spent out of. The cumulative effect on each fund cannot be reasonable estimated.

Opinions

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Sumpter, Oregon, as of June 30, 2018, or the changes in its financial position or its cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules on pages 26 through 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board of who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Sumpter, Oregon's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule - water bonded debt fund and the schedule of revenues, expenditures, and transfers for the water utility fund and sewer utility fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule – water bonded debt fund and the schedule of revenues, expenditures, and transfers for the water utility fund and sewer utility fund are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule - water bonded debt fund and the schedule of revenues, expenditures, and transfers for the water utility fund and sewer utility fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Revised Statutes

In accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated September 22, 2021 on our consideration of the City of Sumpter's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations in considering the City of Sumpter's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Zwygart John and Associates, CPAs, PLLC By: Jordan Zwygart

Nampa, Idaho September 22, 2021

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	67,910	\$	73,394	\$	141,304
Receivables						
Taxes		7,085		-		7,085
Customer accounts receivables, net of						
allowance for doubtful accounts		283		8,624		8,907
Total Current Assets		75,278		82,018		157,296
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital assets						
Land		56,550		234,669		291,219
Non-depreciable Infrastructure		88,440		, -		88,440
Depreciable Infrastructure		34,444		_		34,444
Buildings and Structures		205,443		40,256		245,699
Equipment and Vehicles		240,953		-		240,953
Collection and Distribution System		,		4,076,807		4,076,807
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(230,768)		(1,787,589)		(2,018,357)
Total Noncurrent Assets		395,062		2,564,143		2,959,205
Total Assets		470,340		2,646,161		3,116,501
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	2,037	\$	_	\$	2,037
Advance Deposits	•	, -	·	1,039	•	1,039
Accrued Interest Payable		11,304		-		11,304
Current Portion of Notes Payable		15,928		16,777		32,705
Total Current Liabilites	-	29,269	-	17,816		47,085
	-		-	,		,
Long-term liabilities						
Notes Payable		694,808		78,493		773,301
Total Long Term Liabilities		694,808		78,493		773,301
T-4-112-1-199		704.077		00.000		000 000
Total Liabilities		724,077		96,309		820,386
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		(315,674)		2,468,873		2,153,199
Restricted for Streets		85,563		-		85,563
Unrestricted		(23,626)		80,979		57,353
Total Net Position	\$	(253,737)	\$	2,549,852	\$	2,296,115

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

City of Sumpter, Oregon Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

			Program Revenues						` '	Position	
			Cł	narges for	Operating	Capital	Grants				
			Se	rvices and	Grants and	an	ıd	Go	vernmental	Business-type	
	E	Expenses		Sales	Contributions	Contrib	utions	/	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government:						- '-					
Governmental Activities:											
General Government	\$	108,149	\$	31,873	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(76,276)	\$ -	\$ (76,276)
Public Safety		21,325		-	-		-		(21,325)	-	(21,325)
Highway and streets		4,881		-	-		-		(4,881)	-	(4,881)
Parks		21,193		-	-				(21,193)	-	(21,193)
Interest on Debt Service Payments		33,082		-	-		-		(33,082)	-	(33,082)
Total Governmental Activities		188,630		31,873	-		-		(156,757)		(156,757)
Business-type Activities:											
Water Utility	\$	228,604	\$	123,284	\$ -	\$	-		_	(105,320)	(105,320)
Sewer Utility		98,794		116,328						17,534	17,534
Total Business-type Activities		327,398		239,612			-		-	(87,786)	 (87,786)
Total Primary Government	\$	516,028	\$	271,485	\$ -	\$	_		(156,757)	(87,786)	(244,543)
			Gen	eral Revenu	ies:						
			Pro	operty Taxes	3				106,299	-	106,299
			Int	ergovernme	ntal				30,102	-	30,102
			Pe	rmits and Fe	ees				29,936	-	29,936
			Ot	her					101,055	-	101,055
			To	tal General l	Revenues and S	pecial Iter	ns		267,392		 267,392
			Ch	ange in Net	Position				110,635	(87,786)	22,849
			Net	Position, Be	ginning of Year				(364,372)	2,637,638	2,273,266
			Net	Position, En	d of Year			\$	(253,737)	\$ 2,549,852	\$ 2,296,115

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

						Non-M	ajor Fund		
						Gove	rnmental		Total
		Wate	er Bonded	State	e Tax Street		(Oregon	Gov	ernmental
	 General	De	bt Fund		Fund	Rev. Sh	aring Fund)		Funds
Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$	-	\$	67,910	\$	-	\$	67,910
Internal Balance	-		-		17,653		-		17,653
Property taxes receivable	2,579		4,506		-		-		7,085
Accounts receivable	 283				-		-		283
Total Assets	\$ 2,862	\$	4,506	\$	85,563	\$		\$	92,931
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources, and Fund Balance									
Liabilities									
Internal Balance	14,482		3,171		-		-		17,653
Account payable	 2,037								2,037
Total Liabilities	 16,519		3,171			-			19,690
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred Revenue - Property Tax	 2,497		4,355		-		-		6,852
Total Deferred Inflows	 2,497		4,355						6,852
Fund Balances									
Restricted	-		-		85,563		-		85,563
Unassigned	(16, 154)		(3,020)		-		-		(19,174)
Total Fund Balances	(16,154)		(3,020)		85,563		-		66,389
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,									
and Fund Balances	\$ 2,862	\$	4,506	\$	85,563	\$		\$	92,931

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 66,389
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. The cost of assets consist of:	
Capital Assets, Net of \$230,768 Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 395,062
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period's expenditures, and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	6,852
Long-term liabilities, applicable to the City's governmental activities, are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	
Accrued Interest \$ (11,304) Notes Payable (710,736)	(722,040)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (253,737)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Non-Major Fund	
				Other Governmental	Total
		Water Bonded	State Tax	Funds (Oregon Rev.	Governmental
	General	Debt Fund	Street Fund	Sharing Fund)	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 65,746	\$ 38,723	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,469
Intergovernmental revenues	18,362	-	11,740	-	30,102
Permits and Franchise Fees	29,936	-	-	-	29,936
Charges for Services	31,873	-	-	-	31,873
Vendor Fees	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenues	21,595	-	79,460	-	101,055
Total Revenues	167,512	38,723	91,200		297,435
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	99,901	-	-	-	99,901
Parks	21,193	-	-	-	21,193
Highway and streets	-	-	4,881	-	4,881
Public safety	15,552	-	-	-	15,552
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	15,243	-	-	15,243
Interest	-	32,668	-	-	32,668
Total Expenditures	136,646	47,911	4,881		189,438
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	30,866	(9,188)	86,319		107,997
Other Financing Resources (Uses)					
Transfers In	3,836	-	-	-	3,836
Transfers Out	-	-	-	(3,836)	(3,836)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,836		-	(3,836)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	34,702	(9,188)	86,319	(3,836)	107,997
Fund Balances - Beginning	(50,856)	6,168	(756)	3,836	(41,608)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ (16,154)	\$ (3,020)	\$ 85,563	\$ -	66,389

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 107,997

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. Because of this, gains or losses on disposals only appear in the Statement of Activities as well. In the current period these amounts are:

 Capital Outlay
 \$

 Depreciation Expense
 (14,021)

 Net
 (14,021)

Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as unearned tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the Statement of Activities.

1.830

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Proceeds received from issuance of debt Repayment of Bond and Municipal Lease Principal

14,829

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 110,635

City of Sumpter, OregonStatement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	Water Utility Fund		Sewe	r Utility Fund	Total		
Assets							
Current Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	13,631	\$	59,763	\$	73,394	
Customer accounts receivable, net of							
allowance of doubtful accounts		4,330		4,294		8,624	
Total Current Assets		17,961		64,057		82,018	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets:							
Land		2,250		232,419		234,669	
Machinery and Equipment		29,833		10,423		40,256	
Collection and Distribution System		3,095,150		981,657		4,076,807	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,156,350)		(631,239)		(1,787,589)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,970,883		593,260		2,564,143	
Total Assets		1,988,844		657,317		2,646,161	
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Advance Deposits		1,039		_		1,039	
Current Portion of Notes Payable		-,,,,,		16,777		16,777	
Total Current Liabilities		1,039		16,777		17,816	
Long-term Liabilities:							
Notes Payable, Due After One Year		-		78,493		78,493	
Total Long-term Liabilities		-		78,493		78,493	
Total Liabilities		1,039		95,270		96,309	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,970,883		497,990		2,468,873	
Unrestricted		16,922		64,057		80,979	
Total Net Position	\$	1,987,805	\$	562,047	\$	2,549,852	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Water	Utility Fund	Sewer	Utility Fund	Total
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	123,284	\$	116,328	\$ 239,612
Total Operating Revenues		123,284		116,328	239,612
Operating Expenses					
Personal Services		89,587		63,303	152,890
Operating Expenses		73,653		4,165	77,818
Depreciation		65,364		25,748	91,112
Total Operating Expenses		228,604		93,216	321,820
Operating Income (Loss)		(105,320)		23,112	 (82,208)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest expense		-		(5,578)	(5,578)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				(5,578)	(5,578)
Change in Net Position		(105,320)		17,534	(87,786)
Net Position - Beginning		2,093,125		544,513	2,637,638
Net Position - Ending	\$	1,987,805	\$	562,047	\$ 2,549,852

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Water l	Jtility Fund	Sewer Ut	ility Fund	Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services Payments to Employees for Services Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	118,823 (77,184) (92,203) (50,564)	\$	110,447 (6,900) (65,918) 37,629	\$ 229,270 (84,084) (158,121) (12,935)	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities						
Repayment from Other Funds		4,557		44,079	48,636	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		4,557		44,079	 48,636	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		-		(15,814)	(15,814)	
Interest Paid on Capital Debt				(5,578)	(5,578)	
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities				(21,392)	(21,392)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest and Dividends						
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(46,007)		60,316	14,309	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		59,638		(553)	59,085	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	13,631	\$	59,763	\$ 73,394	
Displayed As: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	13,631	\$	59,763	\$ 73,394	
2 aa. 2 a.a		. 5,55		55,.55	 . 5,55	

City of Sumpter, Oregon Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Wate	Utility Fund	Sewe	er Utility Fund	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(105,320)	\$	23,112	\$ (82,208)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation		65,364		25,748	91,112
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(2,773)		(2,143)	(4,916)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		-		1,359	1,359
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(3,531)		(4,094)	(7,625)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(2,616)		(2,615)	(5,231)
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		(1,688)		(3,738)	(5,426)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(50,564)	\$	37,629	\$ (12,935)

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

The City of Sumpter is an Oregon municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member council, which includes a mayor. Since January 2017 there has been a vacancy on the council. The City operates under a revised charter dated June 22, 1972 using the Mayor-Council form of government. The accompanying financial statements present the City in its entirety and there are no other entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City of Sumpter. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extend on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicant who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures and compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state apportionments, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and unless immaterial have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street Fund – The Street Fund accounts for activity related to street construction and maintenance.

The City reports the following debt services funds:

Water Bonded Debt – The Water Bonded Debt Fund accounts for property tax assessments received from Baker County and related debt used to construct water system assets.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – The Water Utility Funds accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water service and distribution facilities.

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Utility Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system including the collection lines and the sewage treatment lagoons and land application site.

In the basic financial statements both the Water and Sewer Funds include related reserve funds.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Utility and Sewer Utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasure's Investment Pool. Investments for the government are reported at cost which approximated market value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operated in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulation. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the participant balances.

2. Receivables and Payables

All trade receivables are presented net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered to be minor. Property taxes receivable are deemed to be 100% collectible as they are secured by a lien on real property with foreclosure proceedings to commence at four years past due.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

2. Receivables and Payables (continued)

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed as of January 1. The tax levy is divided into three installments: the first installment is due on November 15, the second installment is due February 15 and the third installment is due on May 15. The taxes are considered past due after May 15, at which time the applicable property is subject to penalties and interest.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for all infrastructure and \$1,000 for all other assets, and as estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimates historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimate fair market value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or material extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized cost of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	_Years_
Buildings & Building Improvements	40
Public Domain Infrastructure	20-25
System Infrastructure	20-50
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	5-10

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)</u>

4. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation days and compensatory time. The City accrues a liability for compensated absences which meet the following criteria.

- (1) Obligation is attributable to services already rendered.
- (2) Obligation related to rights that vest or accumulate
- (3) Payment of compensation is probable
- (4) The amount can be easily estimated.

5. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. However, most of the City's current long-term debt has been acquired for water system improvements for which it is the City's intention to repay this debt by levy of property taxes (except for the Sewer Fund debt to the Rural Community Assistance Corporation (RCAC) for which the City intends to pay with additional charges to sewer system users). Consequently, except for the RCAC debt, this general obligation debt is not reflected as enterprise fund debt in the accompanying financial statements.

6. Fund Balance and Net Position

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Non-spendable fund balance included items not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory. Restricted amounts include unexpended grants and state highway gas tax monies. Unrestricted resources include committed, assigned and unassigned amounts. Deficit fund balances are classified as unassigned. Other than normal budgetary appropriations, which lapse annually at fiscal year end, the City has not formally committed any other funds. Fund balances are considered assigned to the purpose for the fund except for the General Fund where part of the fund balance has been designated as Fire Department reserve (not in use at this time) and the remaining balance is reported as unassigned.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

6. Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

In the government-wide statements the balance of the governmental activities net position is shown as invested in fixed assets, unrestricted (if applicable) or restricted if use is restricted by outside sources. For both reporting of fund balances and net position, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for expenditure, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

7. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of general purpose financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consisted with Oregon Local Budget Law for Municipal Corporations for all funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Before June 30, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The Council holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than June 30.

The City is required by state law to budget substantially all funds. The resolution authorizing the appropriations for each fund sets the level of which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations.

The detailed budget document, however, is required to contain more specific detailed information regarding anticipated resources and expenditures. The budget once adopted by the City Council may be modified by the Council by the use of appropriation transfers, by passage of a supplemental budget or by Council resolution regarding grant funds specified for a particular purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$141,304 and the respective bank balances totaled \$153,958. All of the total bank balance was insured or collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging institution in the name of the City.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2018, all of the City's deposits were covered by the federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent or pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the City, and thus none was exposed to custodial credit risk. The City does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure to custodial credit risk.

Effective July 1, 2008, House Bill 2901 created a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories in Oregon. Barring any exceptions, a qualifying bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are adequately capitalized, or 100% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public bank depositories is available to repay the deposits of public funds of government entities.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City does not have a formal policy limiting its custodial credit risk for investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the City held \$134,182 of investments, which are all classified as cash and investments on the Statement of Net Position. The City does not have a policy for managing interest rate risk or credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

<u>Investments (continued)</u>

The City has invested funds in the Oregon Short-term Fund Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) during the fiscal year 2018. The LGIP was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-term Fund Board, and external investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. The amounts invested in the pool are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 40. The Oregon LGIP is unrated for credit quality.

In addition, the Oregon LGIP distributed investment income on an amortized cost basis and participant's equity in the pool is determined by the amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. Accordingly, the adjustment to fair value would not represent an expendable increase in the City's cash position.

Investments in the Oregon LGIP are made under the provisions of ORS 194.180. These funds are held in the City's name and are not subject to collateralization requirements of ORS 295.018. Investments are stated at cost, which is approximated fair value.

A separate financial report for the Oregon LGIP is prepared by the Secretary of State Audits Division in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and financial Reporting for Certain Investment Pools.* Copies of the report can be obtained from the Oregon Audits Division, 255 Capital Street NE, Suite 500 Salem, OR 97310 or online at http://www.sos.state.or.us/audits/index.html.

Oregon statutes restrict the types of investments in which the City may invest. Authorized investments include obligations of the United States government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, time certificates of deposit, certain commercial paper, and the Oregon LGIP. As of June 30, 2018, and for the year then ended, the City was in compliance with the aforementioned Oregon statutes.

At June 30, 2018, cash and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	vernmental Activities	iness-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ (66,272)	\$ 73,394	\$ 7,122
Investments categorized as cash	 134,182	 <u>-</u>	 134,182
	\$ 67,910	\$ 73,394	\$ 141,304

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2018, for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

		Water		Water					
	General	В	Bonded		Utility		Sewer		
	Fund	Debt Fund		Fund		Utility Fund			Total
Receivables:									
Property Taxes	\$ 2,579	\$	4,506	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,085
State Apportionments	283		-		-		-		283
Trade Accounts Receivable			-	4,3	330		4,294		8,624
Gross Receivables	2,862		4,506	4,3	330		4,294		15,992
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible			-						-
Net Total Receivables	\$ 2,862	\$	4,506	\$ 4,3	330	\$	4,294	\$ ^	15,992

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivable for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. The end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable

Unavailable
\$ 6,852

City of Sumpter, OregonNotes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

5. **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended is as follows:

		Balance 5/30/2017	Α	dditions	Disp	osals		Balance 5/30/2018
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	56,550	\$	-	\$	-	\$	56,550
Non-Depreciable Infrastructure		88,440						88,440
Total Nondepreciable Assets		144,990						144,990
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Depreciable Infrastructure		34,444		-		-		34,444
Buildings and Improvements		291,161		-		-		291,161
Machinery and Equipment		155,233						155,233
Total Depreciable Assets		480,838						480,838
Less: Accumulated Depreciation								
Depreciable Infrastructure		344		689		-		1,033
Buildings and Improvements		99,701		6,185		-		105,886
Machinery and Equipment		116,700		7,954		_		124,654
Total Accumulated Depreciation		216,745		14,828				231,573
Net Depreciable Assets		264,093		(14,828)				249,265
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	\$	409,083	\$	(14,828)	\$	_	\$	394,255
		Balance						Balance
	6	30/2017	Α	dditions	Disp	osals	6	30/2018
Business-type Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	234,669	\$	-	\$	-	\$	234,669
Total Nondepreciable Assets		234,669						234,669
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Collection and Distribution System		4,076,807		-		-		4,076,807
Machinery and Equipment		40,256		<u>-</u>				40,256
Total Depreciable Assets		4,117,063						4,117,063
Less: Accumulated Depreciation								
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,696,477		91,112				1,787,589
Net Depreciable Assets		2,420,586		(91,112)			_	2,329,474
Governmental Activities	4	0.055.055	_	(0.4.4.4.5)	•		•	0.504.440
Capital Assets - Net	\$	2,655,255	\$	(91,112)	\$		\$	2,564,143

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 9,055
Public Safety	 5,773
	\$ 14,828
Business-type Activities:	
Water	\$ 65,364
Sewer	 25,748
	\$ 91,112

6. Long-Term Debt

Description	Maturity	Rate	6	/30/2017	Increase		<u>Decrease</u>	6/30/2018	Current
Governmental Activities									
Bond Series 2003	2/1/2043	4.500%	\$	725,979	\$	-	\$ (15,243)	\$ 710,736	\$ 15,928
Total Governmental Activites			\$	725,979	\$		\$ (15,243)	\$ 710,736	\$ 15,928
Duningan Tuna Astinitias									
Business-Type Activities	- 5/4/0000	0.050/	Φ	25 020	Φ.		Ф (44 FC4)		£ 40 00E
Rural Community Assistance Corp #1	5/1/2020	6.25%	\$	35,839	\$	-	\$ (11,561)		\$ 12,305
Rural Community Assistance Corp #2	5/1/2030	5.00%		75,243		-	(4,253)	70,990	4,472
Total Business-Type Activites			\$	111,082	\$		\$ (15,814)	\$ 95,268	\$ 16,777

Future maturities of unmatured general obligation bond principal and interest for the fiscal years ending are as follows:

		Gove	rnmental Acti	vites	3	Business-Type Activites					Totals						
June 30,	F	Principal	Interest		Total	F	Principal	Int	terest	T	otal	Pr	incipal	l	nterest		Total
2019	\$	15,928	\$ 31,983	\$	47,911	\$	16,777	\$	4,617	\$	3,118	\$	32,705	\$	36,600	\$	69,305
2020		16,645	31,266		47,911		16,674		3,597		2,679		33,319		34,863		68,182
2021		17,394	30,517		47,911		4,941		2,979		2,225		22,335		33,496		55,831
2022		18,176	29,735		47,911		5,194		2,726		1,757		23,370		32,461		55,831
2023		18,994	28,917		47,911		5,460		2,460		1,275		24,454		31,377		55,831
2024 - 2028		108,588	130,967		239,555		31,786		7,814	3	9,600	1	40,374		138,781		279,155
2029 - 2033		135,321	104,234		239,555		14,438		730	1	5,168	1	49,759		104,964		254,723
2034 - 2038		168,634	70,921		239,555		-		-		-	1	68,634		70,921		239,555
2039 - 2043		211,056	29,406		240,462				-			2	11,056		29,406		240,462
	\$	710,736	\$487,946	\$	1,198,682	\$	95,270	\$2	24,923	\$6	5,822	\$8	06,006	\$	512,869	\$	1,318,875

The general obligation bonds issues February 21, 2003 are payable February 21st each year with the first payment made February 21, 2004. The bonds are all paid from Water Bonded Debt Fund. The Rural Community Assistance Corporation debt is record in and paid from the Sewer Utility Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past four years. The City obtains most of its insurance coverage through City County Insurance Services Trust of Oregon under an insurance pooling arrangement in which many cities and counties in Oregon participate. The risk of additional assessments to the City over contributions previously paid is presently deemed remote by City management.

8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

On May 8, 2012 certain citizens filed a formal complaint in the Circuit Court State of Oregon alleging, among other things, the City had violated its own City charter as well as certain state laws in awarding the contract to construct a storage shed and public restrooms. The suit was closed by settlement at the end of March 2018.

By letter dated December 14, 2012 the City was notified by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) that the City had violated its permit to treat municipal waste water with a storage lagoon and a recycled irrigation system. The letter cites three specific violations and indicates the City must take immediate corrective action. The letter also indicates the violations posed the risk of significant environmental harm and the matters (the violations cited in the letter) are being referred to the DEQ's Office of Compliance and Enforcement. The DEQ assessed the City fines of \$9,907 dating back to the alleged violations since 2010. DEQ has allowed the City to pay 20% of the amount assessed as a fine, and the remaining 80% towards updating the effluent sprinkler system. The City has until June 2019 to spend these funds.

After fiscal year end, but prior to the issuance date of the audit report, two lawsuits were active for the City. One lawsuit involves the vacate of City street, and the City and the Plaintiff have agreed to terms to end the lawsuit. No additional costs outside of legal fees were incurred. The other lawsuit was filed by former employees and alleges that they were not compensated correctly during their term of employment. This lawsuit is in its early stages and, at this time, no loss contingency can be reasonably estimated.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Pending litigation involves a dispute between a City council member and the City of Sumpter regarding additional water and sewer lines for the council member's property. The council member applied for a permit to build temporary living quarters above a shop located on his property and he alleged that the permit allowed for additional water and sewer services to the shop. The council member filed a lawsuit against the City of Sumpter alleging breach of contract. The parties have reached a tentative settlement and are currently finalizing a written agreement.

Management considered all other subsequent events through the date of the report.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

10. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

The City is required by state law to budget its governmental and proprietary fund types. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Appropriations lapse annually at fiscal year-end. Total appropriations by each department or other reporting category are the levels of control for each fund established by the resolution. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific, detailed information for the above mentioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget or an authorizing resolution. A supplemental budget generally requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers (unless the estimated expenditures are increased by 10% or less of the original appropriations). Original supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control.

The City provided for additional expenses by authorizing resolutions and also made appropriation transfers during the year ended June 30, 2018.

11. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2018 the General Fund had a deficit balance of \$16,154. As noted above, the General Fund deficit has been financed mainly by interfund loans. The City intends to repay these loans by closely monitoring General Fund expenditures over a multi-year period. The Water Bonded Debt Fund had a deficit balance of \$3,020 as expenditures exceeded resources for the year.

12. TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2018 the following transfers took place between funds:

\$3,836 To the General Fund from the Revenue Sharing Fund to close fund.

13. INTERFUND BALANCES

A summary of interfund balances is as follows:

\$14.482 Loan from the State Tax Street Fund to the General Fund to cover cash overdraft.

3,171 Loan from the State Tax Street Fund to the Water Bonded Debt Fund to cover cash overdraft. \$17.653



City of Sumpter, OregonBudgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted					
	-	Original	Final		Actual	V	/ariance
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	23,520	\$ 23,520	\$	65,746	\$	42,226
Intergovernmental revenues		44,800	44,800		18,362		(26,438)
Permits and Franchise Fees		31,000	31,000		31,873		873
Charges for Services		48,561	48,561		29,936		(18,625)
Vendor Fees		, -	, -		, -		-
Miscellaneous revenues		201,010	201,010		21,595		(179,415)
Total Revenues		348,891	 348,891		167,512		(181,379)
			 				(- , ,
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government							
Personal Services		35,223	35,223		8,340		26,883
Materials and Services		248,500	248,500		91,561		156,939
Capital Outlay		10,000	10,000		-		10,000
Operating Contingency		1,068	1,068		_		1,068
Parks		,	,				,
Personal Services		_	_		20,278		(20,278)
Materials and Services		31,000	31,000		915		30,085
Capital Outlay		.,	.,				-
Public safety							
Personal Services		_	_		_		_
Materials and Services		8,000	8,000		3,156		4,844
Capital Outlay		-	-		12,396		(12,396)
Total Expenditures		333,791	 333,791		136,646		197,145
rotal Exportation			 333,131		.00,010		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		15,100	15,100		30,866		15,766
	-	,	 ,				,.
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		57,014	57,014		3,836		(53,178)
Transfers Out		(79,764)	(79,764)		-		79,764
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(22,750)	 (22,750)		3,836		26,586
(-	(==,: ==)	 (==,: = =)		3,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(7,650)	(7,650)		34,702		42,352
-		, , ,	, · ,				
Fund Balances - Beginning		7,650	7,650		(50,856)		(58,506)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$ _	\$	(16,154)	\$	(16,154)

Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule State Tax Street Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts				
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	35,500	\$	35,500	\$	11,740	\$	(23,760)
Grants		50,000		50,000		-		(50,000)
Miscellaneous revenues		700		700		79,460		78,760
Total Revenues		86,200		86,200		91,200		5,000
Expenditures								
Personal services		13,670		13,670		4,724		8,946
Materials and services		21,030		21,030		157		20,873
Capital outlay		55,500		55,500		_		55,500
Total Expenditures		90,200		90,200		4,881		85,319
Net Change in Fund Balances		(4,000)		(4,000)		86,319		90,319
Fund Balances - Beginning		4,000		4,000		(756)		(4,756)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85,563	\$	85,563

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Prior to June 1, the Department Heads, the City Treasurer, Mayor, and City Council prepare a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. Public hearings are conducted at the City Hall to obtain landowner and resident comments.
- C. Prior to July1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- D. The City is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any non-enterprise fund; however, no revision can be made to increase the overall tax supported funds except when federal or state grants are approved. The City, however, must follow the same budgetary procedures as they followed when the original budget was approved. The budget for enterprise funds may also be revised in the same manner as those situations involving federal and state grants.
- E. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General fund and Special Revenue funds.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule Water Bonded Debt Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgeted	Amounts
Original	Final

	C	Original	Final	Actual	Variance		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	49,400	\$ 49,400	\$ 38,723	\$	(10,677)	
Total Revenues		49,400	49,400	38,723		(10,677)	
Expenditures							
Debt Service:							
Principal		13,994	13,994	15,243		(1,249)	
Interest		34,100	34,100	32,668		1,432	
Contingency		-	-	-		-	
Total Expenditures		48,094	48,094	47,911		183	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,306	1,306	(9,188)		(10,494)	
Fund Balances - Beginning		8,600	8,600	 6,168		(2,432)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	9,906	\$ 9,906	\$ (3,020)	\$	(12,926)	

Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Water Utility Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual Variance Revenues Charges for Services 123,284 (39,116)162,400 162,400 Vendor Fees 4,557 Repayment of Loan - General Fund* 4,557 (4,557)Miscellaneous revenues 150 150 (150)167,107 (43,823) **Total Revenues** 167,107 123,284 **Expenditures Personal Services** 63,584 63,584 89,587 (26,003)77,312 77,312 73,653 3,659 Operating Expenses 47,634 47,634 47,634 Capital Outlay 65,364 (65,364)Depreciation 4,557 Loan to General Fund 4,557 4,557 193,087 193,087 228,604 Total Expenditures (35,517)**Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures** (25,980)(25,980)(105,320)(79,340)Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of Assets Transfer to Water Reserve (8,000)(8,000)8,000 Transfers In 6,480 6,480 (6,480)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,520)(1,520)1,520 Net Change in Fund Balances (27,500)(27,500)(105,320)(77,820)27,500 27,500 2,093,125 2,065,625 Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending \$ \$ \$ 1,987,805 \$ 1,987,805

Note: For financial reporting purposes this fund is the combination of the Water Utility Fund and the Water Reserve Fund.

^{*} Loan repayment for prior year loans are required to be budgeted but are not considered additional revenue or additional resources on a generally accepted accounting principle basis.

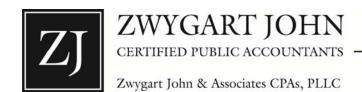
Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Sewer Utility Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual Variance Revenues 162,025 Charges for Services 162,025 116,328 (45,697)Grants 430,000 430,000 (430,000)Repayment of Loan - General Fund* 52,457 52,457 (52,457)Miscellaneous revenues (125)125 125 (528,279) **Total Revenues** 644,607 644,607 116,328 **Expenditures Personal Services** 64,896 64,896 63,303 1,593 63,500 63,500 59,335 Operating Expenses 4,165 508,434 508,434 Capital Outlay 508,434 25,748 Depreciation (25,748)Loan to General Fund 52,547 52,547 52,547 689,377 93,216 596,161 Total Expenditures 689,377 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues **Over Expenditures** (44,770)(44,770)23,112 67,882 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Interest Expense (5,578)(5,578)Transfer to Water Reserve (3,000)(3,000)3,000 Transfers In 3,000 3,000 (3,000)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (5,578)(5,578)Net Change in Fund Balances (44,770)(44,770)17,534 62,304 499,743 44,770 44.770 Fund Balances - Beginning 544,513 Fund Balances - Ending \$ \$ 562,047 \$ 562,047 \$

Note: For financial reporting purposes this fund is the combination of the Sewer Utility Fund and the Sewer Reserve Fund.

^{*} Loan repayment for prior year loans are required to be budgeted but are not considered additional revenue or additional resources on a generally accepted accounting principle basis.





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Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Sumpter, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of Sumpter, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-10-000 to 162-10-330 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which include, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions. (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294)
- Public contracts and purchasing. (ORS Chapter 279A, 279B, and 279C)

In connection with our testing the below came to our attention, that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

 The City has not had an annual audit done since 2017. They have not received extension from the State for these audits. This has put them out of compliance with State requirements and their bond covenants.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the City of Sumpter, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sumpter, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sumpter, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal controls that might be significant deficiencies or material weakness. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal controls over financial reporting, described below, that we consider to be material weakness as defined above.

2018-001: Segregation of Duties

<u>Condition:</u> The City lacks a segregation of duties over recording, reconciling, and approving transactions.

Cause: There was a lack of trained staff to be able to segregate these duties.

Effect: This caused expenses to be coded to incorrect accounts, causing the fund balances to be misstated. This lack of segregation of duties could also lead to other errors to not be deterred or prevented in the normal course of operations.

Recommendations: The City should have trained staff to be able to record and reconcile transactions on a timely basis to make sure items are being recorded correctly. The Mayor and Council should also be reviewing and approving monthly reports to make sure items are being recorded correctly.

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The City has hired an outside accountant to help support the finance staff and to review transactions to prevent future errors.

City's Reponses to Findings

The City's response to findings identified in our audit is described above. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors and management of the City of Sumpter, Oregon and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Zwygart John & Associates, CPAs, PLLC By: Jordan Zwygart

Nampa, Idaho September 22, 2021